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# June 8,1920

# HARVARD UNIVERSITY, CAMBRIDGE, MASS., U.S.A.

# RECORD OF THE SEISMOGRAPHIC STATION

DEPARTMENT OF GEOLOGY AND GEOGRAPHY

 $\phi = 42^{\circ} 22' 36'' \text{ N}.$ 

 $\lambda = 71^{\circ} 06' 59'' \text{ W. Gr.} = 5.367 \text{ M.}$  Foundation: Glacial sand over clay.

Time: Mean Greenwich, midnight to midnight.

No.	Date	Phase	Time	Periods	Amplitudes	Δ	REMARKS
	1920 Jun 2	0? e 3.44444 % ? e 3.4444	h. m. s.  22 13 35 22 21 78 22 22 29 22 23 51 22 24 34 22 25 23 22 26 42 22 28 43 23 2 28 43	s.  4 6 12 10 1± 8 7and	μ.	Kms. 2733?	Distance may be greater and and O earlier by one or more minutes. Phases on both components indistinct before 22h 24m ca. N record distorted by local disturbances and microseisms.  F uncertain, in microseisms.
	Jun 4	O ME ME MMR?	15 postes 15 45 51 15 48 52 15 55 06 16 15 ca.	12 10 10		Property of the state of the st	Darlier phases not distinguishable from microseisma before and after this record. Press despatches montion two earthquakes felt at Ferrara, Italy on June 5th.
	Jua 5	OHARS RALILLIMMOR	4 21 26 4 39 06 4 40 45 4 40 51 4 50 30 4 51 45 4 12 08 4 12 42 4 13 32 4 13 32 4 15.0 4 19.0 4 27 08 5 51.0 6 50 ca.		107? 170?	11,560	104.04° of arc. eL-0 gives V <sub>L</sub> =228 ms. sec. Chief maximum.
		epi I ili	To and host to a second of the	elue 3 o			(For explanation of Symbols see other side)

The symbols, with the exception of a few additional characters, are those adopted by the International Seismological Association after Wiechert of Göttingen.

tional Seismological	Association after Wiechert of Göttingen.
0	. Time of earthquake at epicentre (or centre). (Seismol. Soc. Amer.).
	Longitudinal waves, and their time of arrival at the station.
PR1	" once reflected, and time of arrival at station.
PR.	" " twice reflected, and time of arrival at station.
	. Transverse waves, and time of arrival.
$SR_1$	
$SR_2$	
	Alternating waves, and time of arrival (= $PR_1S = SR_1P$ ).
	Long or surface or Rayleigh waves, and time of arrival.
	. Maximum of Long waves, and time of arrival.
	. Successive maxima.
$Lrep_1$	. Long waves reaching the station from the antipodes of the epicentre
	(anticentre); path 40,000 kms. $-\Delta$ .
$Lrep_2$	. Long waves again reaching station from the epicentre; path 40,000
Mary and Mary States	kms. $+\Delta$ .  Cauda end of Long waves and beginning of trailers or tail
O	. Cauda, the or hong waves, and beginning or trancis or tan-
	. Finis, end of record on seismogram.
n	. Superposed phase of another earthquake; e.g., Pn.
e	. (emersio), emergence of a phase not well defined; e.g., eP, eL.
	. (impetus), a sharply defined impulse; e.g., iP, iS.
An	.Amplitude of the N-S component of earth particle, deduced from the
A SHIRLE OF STREET	motion of the pendulum, usually L or M.
AE	. The same for the E-W component of motion.
	. The same for the vertical component of motion.
	.Gal, or unit acceleration, one centimetre per sec. per sec.
	. Milligal, or 1/1000 gal. acceleration of 10 micra per sec. per sec. (Klotz).
φ	
	.Longitude from Greenwich.
	. Elevation above mean sea-level.
	. Distance, from epicentre to station; deduced from records.
ca	
	Period, complete time of oscillation; for simple pendulum;
	$2\pi\sqrt{\frac{1}{a}}$
	and the same of th
	. Period of undamped pendulum of seismograph.
	. Period of earth particle.
h, m, s	.Time, Greenwich Mean Time, midnight to midnight.
M	.Theoretical magnification of seismograph.
	.Actual magnification, for damping ratio and periods of earth particle
	and undamped pendulum.
VP, Vs, VL	. Velocity of P, S, and L waves respectively. (Klotz.)
	. (large star) Epicentre. (After A. Siebert.)
	A Property (many and property)

The following notation proposed by Wiechert is employed in many publications. The characters are implied by  $\Delta$  and A.

I, Notable; II, striking; III, strong; referring to the intensity of earthquakes.

d.....(domesticus), a local shock; e.g., Id.

v...... (vicinus), a nearby earthquake, under 1000 kms. distant; e.g., IIv.

r.....(remotus), a distant earthquake, from 1000 to 5000 kms.

u.....(ultimus), a very distant earthquake, over 5000 kms. distant.

Measurements in the Metric System.

kms. . . . . . . . . Kilometers (1000 kms. = 621.38 English statute miles. 111.1 kms. = 1° on the equator).

M or m.....meter (s). (1 m. = 39.37079 inches.)

mm. . . . . . . . Millimeters (1 mm. = 0.03937 in.).

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 $\phi=42^{\circ}~22'~36''$  N.  $\lambda=71^{\circ}~06'~59''$  W. Gr. =5.367 M. Foundation: Glacial sand over clay.

TIME: Mean Greenwich, midnight to midnight.

No.	Date	Phase	Time	Periods	Amplitudes	Δ	REMARKS
	1920 Jun 9•	eN eE	h. m. s. 11 postea: 11 50 15 11 50 27 11 53 21	6	μ.	Kms.	·13,000kms.plus.
		err en er er	11 53 24 11 54 39 12 34 40 12 34 43	10 12 10 40 40			to 12h 30m; M record has hiatus between 12h 4m and 12h 16m eL-e-44m 25s: im 12-11-21; 8 secs. L waves very flat.
		e LLLLLLOR	12 35 24 12 36 08 12 39 48 12 55 34 13 08.0 13 11.0	60 60 30 20 20 15			S well marked for flat LL.
		FE.			After	13h 35i	a; lost in artificial motion and microseisms.
	Jun 12'	E; F F O O	20 postea 20 56 26 21 01 21 21 05 17 21 46 ca	26 14 12			Not recognizable on E.
	Jun 16	e E??	20 12 56 20 14 54 20 17 53 20 26 04 20 28 ca. 20 30 ca.	8 15 8			Record of doubtful origin; microscisms only on N.  Lost in winding drums.
	Jun_18	P?N B?N L?N	9 poster 9 03 54 9 05 30 9 05 42	6 10			Apparently seismic; masked by microseisms; and not clear
		L? L?N L?	9 08 47 9 11 13 9 13 12 9 15.	10 15 10			
	Jun 18	0 3?N 1?	9 postea 9 45 36 9 47 29	6 8			Apparently seismic and not distant.
	Jun 18	O ePE? ePN SN eLN eLE? MN ME	10 22 27 10 25 42 10 25 49 10 28 25 20 29 00 10 29 01 10 29 20 10 31.5	3 3 6 13	anapites	1450	E masked by microseisms Distance from epicentre and O from eLN AND SN-PN  A 625 # trace. Perceptible.

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U	onal Seismological A	ssociation after Wiechert of Göttingen.	
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		Longitudinal waves, and their time of arrival at the station.	
	PR <sub>1</sub>		
		" twice reflected, and time of arrival at station.	
		Transverse waves, and time of arrival.	
	$SR_1$		
	$SR_1$	" twice reflected, and time of arrival.	
	SK2	twice renected, and time of arrival.	
		Alternating waves, and time of arrival (= PR <sub>1</sub> S = SR <sub>1</sub> P).	
		Long or surface or Rayleigh waves, and time of arrival.	
		Maximum of Long waves, and time of arrival.	
	$M^1$ , $M^2$ , $M^3$ , etc	Successive maxima.	
		Long waves reaching the station from the antipodes of the epicentre	
		(anticentre); path 40,000 kms. $-\Delta$ .	
	$Lrep_2$	Long waves again reaching station from the epicentre; path 40,000	
	min a medical	kms. $+\Delta$ .	
	C	Cauda, end of Long waves, and beginning of trailers or tail.	
	F	Finis, end of record on seismogram.	
		Superposed phase of another earthquake; e.g., Pn.	
		(emersio), emergence of a phase not well defined; e.g., eP, eL.	
		(impetus), a sharply defined impulse; e.g., iP, iS.	
		Amplitude of the N-S component of earth particle, deduced from the	
		motion of the pendulum, usually L or M.	
	A TO	The same for the E-W component of motion.	
		The same for the vertical component of motion.	
		Gal, or unit acceleration, one centimetre per sec. per sec.	
		Milligal, or 1/1000 gal. acceleration of 10 micra per sec. per sec. (Klotz).	
	φ		
	λ	Longitude from Greenwich.	
		Elevation above mean sea-level.	
		Distance, from epicentre to station; deduced from records.	
	ca	Approximately.	
	T	Period, complete time of oscillation; for simple pendulum;	
		$2\pi\sqrt{\frac{1}{a}}$	
		$2\pi \sqrt{g}$	
	Т8	Period of undamped pendulum of seismograph.	
		Period of earth particle.	
		Time, Greenwich Mean Time, midnight to midnight.	,
		Theoretical magnification of seismograph.	
		Actual magnification, for damping ratio and periods of earth particle	
	MIN		
		and undamped pendulum.	

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Time: Mean Greenwich, midnight to midnight.

No.	Date	Phase	Time	Periods	Amplitudes	Δ	REMARKS
	1920 Jun 18	O? Pn Sn odn F?	h. m. s. 10 56 31 10 38 02 10 39 16 10 39 56 10 48 ca		μ.	Kms.	Confused with last record on E.and somewhat masked by microseisms. No reports may be part of last record
	Jun 21	0? 3N eLn? LE CN	14 06 23 14 17 20 14 19 57 14 20 01 14 22 40 14 26.3	6 28 20 6		3080?	Forephases masked by micro seisms. No.M.
	Jun 23	O?? *eLE? iNNCE OFFE *Possib	were shat by two sl p.m. a 4t of Los an 22nd. Oth meridian	24 3 10 14 12 6 an erent injurtered ight h treight geles er pr west.	The stremors mor was . A sli	a few in felt a ght shoices gitter 2-0	o from press-despatches, giving time of a destructive shock at Inglewood, about 10 miles sw from los Angeles, at 6h 45m, 6h 46m, 6h 47m, on June 21,120th meridian time wes Distance from Station to Court House in Los Angelos = 3850 kms. Press report state 21 buildings were do stroyed and several person elos, plate-glass windows using the damage was followominutes later. At 10h 40m t Inglewood and in s.w. part ok was felt at 4 a.m. June ve time as 5 h a.m. 120 th 7-58, from the time given for ations.
				Mi	neograpi	ned and	Ussued July 20 1920.

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0	. Time of earthquake at epicentre (or centre). (Seismol. Soc. Amer.).
	Longitudinal waves, and their time of arrival at the station.
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PR	" twice reflected, and time of arrival at station.
	. Transverse waves, and time of arrival.
	" once reflected, and time of arrival.
SRe	" twice reflected, and time of arrival.
	. Alternating waves, and time of arrival (= $PR_1S = SR_1P$ ).
	. Long or surface or Rayleigh waves, and time of arrival.
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	Successive maxima.
	Long waves reaching the station from the antipodes of the epicentre
таері	(anticentre); path 40,000 kms. $-\Delta$ .
Tron	. Long waves again reaching station from the epicentre; path 40,000
inep <sub>2</sub>	
	Cauda, end of Long waves, and beginning of trailers or tail.
	. Finis, end of record on seismogram.
	. Superposed phase of another earthquake; e.g., Pn.
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	. The same for the vertical component of motion.
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φ	
	Longitude from Greenwich.
	Elevation above mean sea-level.
	Distance, from epicentre to station; deduced from records.
ca	
	. Period, complete time of oscillation; for simple pendulum;
Statzen WG	2" V g
Tô	. Period of undamped pendulum of seismograph.
Tê	. Period of earth particle.
h, m, s	Time, Greenwich Mean Time, midnight to midnight.
	Theoretical magnification of seismograph.
	. Actual magnification, for damping ratio and periods of earth particle
	and undamped pendulum.
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-	TESHION I	Phase	Time	Periods	Amplitudes	Δ	REMARKS
		APPENDICT.	h. m. s.	8.	μ.	Kms.	
015	1920 Aug 3	PN SN CLN CFE	19 57 15 20 08 24 20 17 32 20 31 32 20 36. 20 40 ca 21 44 ca	.5 .5 58 20		7770	69:93 arc. E gives P and S less distinct. M phases dis- torted by winding drums.
.016	Aug 1	3 en	2 13 04 2 14 37	3		e alle oler	Possibly only a group of microseisms. Not re- cognizable as possibly
		e <sub>N</sub>	2 21 24 2 23 56	3			seismic on E record. Weak micro.were running before and after these phases.
1017	Aug 2	O O? BAR. ELLLLE	16 14 59 16 27 07 16 37 53 16 51 47 16 55 49 17 05 25 17 17.0 18 04 31 18 41 cs	20 25 18 16 16		9315?	Distance from L-S;L difficult to fix. Record indistinct on N component.
1018	Aug 2	1 LE	21 32 20 21 34 36 21 38 35	15			Not legible on N. Periods decrease rap- idly to 8 secs.
1019	Aug Aug	eLn Ln 27 F	23 33 1	2 6 6 7 26 20 20 15	200 - 4	8050	Deduced terms from E. L-0/8050 kms.gives V <sub>L</sub> =231.6 kms.per sec. SN doubtfully fixed. iPN 23-10-18. Great irregularity in period, after initial L.
					Mimeogr	aphed a	Wandworth.

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PR <sub>1</sub>	
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S	. Transverse waves, and time of arrival.
$SR_1$	" once reflected, and time of arrival.
$SR_2$	. " twice reflected, and time of arrival.
PS	. Alternating waves, and time of arrival (= $PR_1S = SR_1P$ ).
L	.Long or surface or Rayleigh waves, and time of arrival.
M	. Maximum of Long waves, and time of arrival.
M1, M2, M3, etc	.Successive maxima.
Lrep <sub>1</sub>	Long waves reaching the station from the antipodes of the epicentre (anticentre); path 40,000 kms. $-\Delta$ .
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C	. Cauda, end of Long waves, and beginning of trailers or tail.
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	. (emersio), emergence of a phase not well defined; e.g., eP, eL.
	. (impetus), a sharply defined impulse; e.g., iP, iS.
An	.Amplitude of the N-S component of earth particle, deduced from the
	motion of the pendulum, usually L or M.
AE	.The same for the E-W component of motion.
Az	. The same for the vertical component of motion.
	PR <sub>1</sub> . PR <sub>2</sub> . S. SR <sub>1</sub> . SR <sub>2</sub> . PS. L. M. M <sup>1</sup> , M <sup>2</sup> , M <sup>3</sup> , etc. Lrep <sub>1</sub> .  C. F. n. e. i. AN.

Az..... The same for the vertical component of motion.

 $\gamma$ û . . . . . . . . Milligal, or 1/1000 gal. acceleration of 10 micra per sec. per sec. (Klotz).

 $\phi$ .....Latitude.

λ.....Longitude from Greenwich.

h..... Elevation above mean sea-level.

ca . . . . . . . . . . . Approximately.

T......Period, complete time of oscillation; for simple pendulum;

$$2\pi\sqrt{\frac{1}{g}}$$

Tô.....Period of undamped pendulum of seismograph.

Tê.....Period of earth particle.

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1026	Sep 21	0	1	38 52	54	3.0	0	17 S: X1	iverview NSW A2700;
		e? L to	3	55	36	12 20	EV	only.	poorly registered on
1027	Sep 21	o e eL?E	18			0.4	O 3A	1:00,0:1	kyo Δ1220;cf. DeBilt 17 42 23.
		L	18 18 18	34	50	24 20 15		real of P	lot recorded NS.
1028	Sep 24	O PNE iE iN SE SN	22	02 03 03 08	30 35 45 04	3 3 4 7	delinane Wilson con E ext action	3950	35%° of arc.
		eLE eLN F	22 : 22 : 23 :	10	45 50	26 8&10	t gendiëlijn Ugelov Uglov	eduzdoju se dreo s	M 0;5mm trace
1029 Se	p 27	en en en en	5 5 4 5 5 4	37 : 38 : 44 : 44 : 44 :	41 04 39 36	6 4 2	p to order made value made value made value made value		Phases indistinct.
		LE en LE LN FE	5 4 5 4 5 4	15 (15 (16 (17 2)	07	8 6 11 19	por a con Ladrot un a consi in dua polane	ME E	46 Ol; A 3 mm. trace.
•			ib ear			a malaum			E (26).
	(17).				NEED I	Mimeor	rraphec	and Iss	sued February 8,1921.
			wind		inim	(1. m²) 1		J.X	B. Woodworth.
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P	Longitudinal waves, and their time of arrival at the station.
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T <sub>i</sub>	.Long or surface or Rayleigh waves, and time of arrival.
M	.Maximum of Long waves, and time of arrival.
	.Successive maxima.
Lren	.Long waves reaching the station from the antipodes of the epicentre
Ziropi,	(anticentre); path 40,000 kms. $-\Delta$ .
Trens	Long waves again reaching station from the epicentre; path 40,000
ыср2	kms. $+ \Delta$ .
CUSA WELL WE	.Cauda, end of Long waves, and beginning of trailers or tail.
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muse cues VI	Superposed phase of another earthquake; e.g., Pn.
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φ	
λ	Longitude from Greenwich.
h	. Elevation above mean sea-level.
	. The valued above mount box to to.

T......Period, complete time of oscillation; for simple pendulum;

To......Period of undamped pendulum of seismograph.

Te . . . . . . . . . . Period of earth particle.

ca .....Approximately.

h, m, s. . . . . . . Time, Greenwich Mean Time, midnight to midnight.

M. Theoretical magnification of seismograph. Ma. Actual magnification, for damping ratio and periods of earth particle and undamped pendulum.

...... Distance, from epicentre to station; deduced from records.

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Publications of the Dominion Observatory, Ottawa. KLOTZ, OTTO: Seismological Tables. Vol. iii, No. 2, pp. 19-61. 1916.



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TIME: Mean Greenwich, midnight to midnight.

Date	Phase	Time	Periods	Amplitudes	Δ	REMARKS
1920 Sept	17 0 0? 18 SE eLE L C C F	h. m. s. 23 50 59 0 01 05 0 03 16 0 03 51 0 10.0 0 15 39 0 24 02	24 20 16		Kms. 2800	25.2° of arc. Cf. Δ3600;0:23-51-19. DeBilt eL 0-10-0 North Atlantic Reg- iom? P in microseisms. Cf.La Paz P 0-58-48 Δ330.
Sep 20	PRINCE NE NE SE EN LE MONNE MANNON NE SE SE EN LE MONNE MANNON NE EMAN EN LE MONNE EMAN EN	14 59 46 15 00 56 15 05 08 15 07 56 15 11 30 15 11 43 15 15 57 15 16 28 15 19 02 15 21 42 15 33 42 15 35 47 15 44 44 15 46 05 15 46 59 15 48 42 15 49 26 15 50 08 15 50 08 15 50 08 15 50 04 15 58 52 16 04 42	11 12 6 20 18 26 18 40 40 24 26 20 19 19	28.3 51mm 5.9mm long their 462mm en M	Honol River Harva 0=55. =12.5  \$1820 tance 13.78 iS-0 Cf.Br 1240 N und net:  trac spindler middler trac spindler trac spindler trac spindler trac spindler	e The MM on N form a e-shaped group having M at this epoch. See Stylus off drum to 3-21
.01	?LRIE F	16 11 04 16 44 ca 17 37	18 24			4 waves.
of refleated and the second of refleated and the second and the se	mpulse ection oth on	PR2; A 4593 vard in abo N or S. FR3; A et 3 Pecific fi	kms,f out 33 445 km	rom epi N,127° ms.outw round	centre, W; both ard rou \$40°N, X	in about \$10°N; \$160°W.; on Pacific floor; no.  nd \$93°N. \$167W; B round 113°W. or under the
The same of the sa	of reflection of	1920 Sept 17 0 e? 18 SE ELE LCCF OFFERIN FRISE INF FRISE INF SRIN SRIN SRIN SRIN SRIN SRIN SRIN SRIN	1920 Sept 17 0 23 50 59 e? 0 01 05 eLE 0 03 16 L 0 03 51 C 0 10.0 C 0 15 39 F 0 24 ca  Sep 20 0 (14 38 36 PRIE 14 59 14 PRIN 14 59 46 iE 15 00 56 PR3E 15 07 56 iE 15 11 30 iN 15 11 43 SRIE 15 15 57 SRIN 15 16 28 eE 15 19 02 SR2E 15 33 42 eLE 15 33 42 eLE 15 33 42 eLE 15 33 42 eLE 15 35 47 ME 15 48 0 eMN 15 50 08 MN 15 50 44 ON 15 54.0 eMN 15 58 52 eMN 16 11 04 ?LRIE 16 44 ca F 7 37  of reflection for PR1 row of reflection PR2; A 4593 t 9187 kms.outward in about 20 check 15 49 26 of reflection PR2; A 4593 t 9187 kms.outward in about 20 check 15 49 26 of reflection PR2; A 4593 t 9187 kms.outward in about 20 check 15 49 26 Of reflection PR2; A 4593 t 9187 kms.outward in about 20 check 15 49 26 Of reflection PR2; A 4593 t 9187 kms.outward in about 20 check 15 49 26 Of reflection PR2; A 4593 t 9187 kms.outward in about 20 check 15 49 26 Of reflection PR2; A 4593 t 9187 kms.outward in about 20 check 15 49 26 Of reflection PR2; A 4593 t 9187 kms.outward in about 20 check 15 49 26 Of reflection PR2; A 4593 t 9187 kms.outward in about 20 check 15 49 26 Of reflection PR2; A 4593 t 9187 kms.outward in about 20 check 15 49 26 Of reflection PR2; A 4593 t 9187 kms.outward in about 20 check 15 49 26 Of reflection PR2; A 4593 t 9187 kms.outward in about 20 check 15 49 26 Of reflection PR2; A 4593 t 9187 kms.outward in about 20 check 15 49 26 Of reflection PR2; A 4593 t 9187 kms.outward in about 20 check 15 49 26 Of reflection PR2; A 4593	1920 Sept 17 0 23 50 59  18 SE 0 01 05 10  ELE 0 03 16 24  L 0 03 51 20  C 0 10.0 16  C 0 15 39  F 0 24 ca  Sep 20 0 (14 38 36)  PRIE 14 59 14  PRIN 14 59 46  iE 15 00 56 14  PRIE 15 05 08 11  iN 15 11 43 6  SRIE 15 15 57 20  SRIN 15 16 28 18  EL 15 19 02 26  SROE 15 21 42 18  ELN 15 33 42 40  ELN 15 33 42 40  ELN 15 43.0 24  ELN 15 43.0 24  ELN 15 44 44 26  MN 15 46 59 16  EMN 15 48 42 20  MN 15 50 08  MN 15 50 08  MN 15 50 08  MN 15 50 08  MN 15 50 44  CN 15 54.0 20  EMN 15 54.0 20  IN 16 10 4 28  EMN 16 10 4 28  EMN 16 10 4 28  EMN 16 10 4 42 18  EMN 16 11 04 18  PLRIE 16 44 CF 24  F 17 37  Of reflection PR2; A 459 kms, ff  19187 kms.outward in about 33  Zable impulse N or S.  Of reflection PR3; A at 3445 km  Label of reflection PR3; A at 3445 km	1920 Sept 17 0 23 50 59  18 SE 0 01 05 10  eLE 0 03 16 24  L 0 03 51 20  C 0 10.0 16  C 0 15 39 16  F 0 24 ce  Sep 20 0 (14 38 36)  PRIE 14 59 14  PRIN 14 59 46  iE 15 00 56 14  PR3E 15 05 08 11  iSE 15 11 43 6  SRIE 15 11 43 6  SRIE 15 15 57 20  SRIN 15 16 28 18  eE 15 19 02 26  SRYP 15 21 42 18  eE 15 19 02 26  SRYP 15 33 42 40  eLN 15 33 42 40  eLN 15 46 69 16  eLN 15 46 69 16  eLN 15 46 69 16  eLN 15 48 42 20  MN 15 50 08  MN 15 50 08  MN 15 50 08  MN 15 50 08  MN 15 58 52 18  eLN 16 04 42 18 24  f 17 37  of reflection for PR1 round 421 N; 14 4  eNN 16 11 04 18  PLRIE 16 44 ce 24  F 17 37  of reflection FR3: A 459 3kms, from epi tellow most weak.  of reflection FR3: A 459 3kms, from epi tellow most weak.  of reflection FR3: A 459 3kms, from epi tellow most weak.  of reflection FR3: A 459 3kms, from epi tellow most weak.  of reflection FR3: A 459 3kms, from epi tellow most weak.  of reflection FR3: A 459 3kms, from epi tellow most weak.  of reflection FR3: A 459 3kms, from epi tellow most weak.  of reflection FR3: A 459 3kms, from epi tellow most weak.  of reflection FR3: A 459 3kms, from epi tellow most weak.  of reflection FR3: A 459 3kms, from epi tellow most weak.  of reflection FR3: A 459 3kms, from epi tellow most weak.  of reflection FR3: A 459 3kms, from epi tellow most weak.  of reflection FR3: A 459 3kms, from epi tellow most weak.  of reflection FR3: A 459 3kms, from epi tellow most weak.  of reflection FR3: A 459 3kms, from epi tellow for weak.  of reflection FR3: A 459 3kms, from epi tellow most weak.  of reflection FR3: A 459 3kms, from epi tellow most weak.  of reflection FR3: A 459 3kms, from epi tellow for weak.  of reflection FR3: A 459 3kms, from epi tellow for weak.  of reflection FR3: A 459 3kms, from epi tellow for weak.  of reflection FR3: A 459 3kms, from epi tellow for weak.  of reflection FR3: A 459 3kms, from epi tellow for weak.	1920 Sept 17 0 23 50 59 2800  18 SE 0 01 05 10 24 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20

The symbols, with the exception of a few additional characters, are those adopted by the International Seismological Association after Wiechert of Göttingen.

10	onal Seismological A	association after wietnert of Gottingen.
	0	. Time of earthquake at epicentre (or centre). (Seismol. Soc. Amer.).
	P	Longitudinal waves, and their time of arrival at the station.
	PR <sub>1</sub>	" once reflected, and time of arrival at station.
	$PR_2$	
	C C	. Transverse waves, and time of arrival.
	gp	. " once reflected, and time of arrival.
	SR <sub>1</sub>	
	$SR_2$	. twice reflected, and time of arrivar.
	PS	Alternating waves, and time of arrival (= PR <sub>1</sub> S = SR <sub>1</sub> P).
	Ь	Long or surface or Rayleigh waves, and time of arrival.
		.Maximum of Long waves, and time of arrival.
	$M^1$ , $M^2$ , $M^3$ , etc	.Successive maxima.
	$Lrep_1$	.Long waves reaching the station from the antipodes of the epicentre
		(anticentre); path 40,000 kms. $-\Delta$ .
		.Long waves again reaching station from the epicentre; path 40,000
	D ADTA TO TH	kms. $+\Delta$ .
	C	. Cauda, end of Long waves, and beginning of trailers or tail.
	F	. Finis, end of record on seismogram.
	n	.Superposed phase of another earthquake; e.g., Pn.
	e	(emersio), emergence of a phase not well defined; e.g., eP, eL.
	i	. (impetus), a sharply defined impulse; e.g., iP, iS.
	An	.Amplitude of the N-S component of earth particle, deduced from the
		motion of the pendulum, usually L or M.
	ΔE	.The same for the E-W component of motion.
	Δ7	.The same for the vertical component of motion.
	~	.Gal, or unit acceleration, one centimetre per sec. per sec.
	7	. Milligal, or 1/1000 gal. acceleration of 10 micra per sec. per sec. (Klotz).
	γα	Latitude
	φ	Longitude from Greenwich
	λ	Longitude from Greenwich.
	n	Elevation above mean sea-level.
	Δ	. Distance, from epicentre to station; deduced from records.
	ca	Approximately.
	T	Period, complete time of oscillation; for simple pendulum;
	S BOYER, W	$2\pi\sqrt{\frac{1}{a}}$
		9
	To	. Period of undamped pendulum of seismograph.
	Te	. Period of earth particle.
	h. m. s	. Time, Greenwich Mean Time, midnight to midnight.
*	M	Theoretical magnification of seismograph.
	Ma	. Actual magnification, for damping ratio and periods of earth particle
	444	and undamped pendulum.
	Vp Vg Vt.	. Velocity of P, S, and L waves respectively. (Klotz.)
	*	(large star) Epicentre. (After A. Siebert.)
		(targe star) Throught. (treet treet)

The following notation proposed by Wiechert is employed in many publications. The characters are implied by  $\Delta$  and A.

I, Notable; II, striking; III, strong; referring to the intensity of earthquakes.

d.....(domesticus), a local shock; e.g., Id.

v.....(vicinus), a nearby earthquake, under 1000 kms. distant; e.g., IIv.

r.....(remotus), a distant earthquake, from 1000 to 5000 kms.

u.....(ultimus), a very distant earthquake, over 5000 kms. distant.

Measurements in the Metric System.

### BIBLIOGRAPHY

# RECORD OF THE SEISMOGRAPHIC STATION

## DEPARTMENT OF GEOLOGY AND GEOGRAPHY

 $\phi = 42^{\circ} 22' 36'' \text{ N}.$  $\lambda = 71^{\circ} 06' 59'' \text{ W. Gr.}$ h = 5.367 M. Foundation: Glacial sand over clay.

TIME: Mean Greenwich, midnight to midnight.

No.

No.	Date	Phase	Time	Periods	Amplitudes	Δ	REMARKS
	1920		h. m. s.	8.	μ.	Kms.	
1020	Sept 4	OFE CLE LIN to F?	14 08.5 14 22 10 14 30 29 14 34 56 14 55 10 15 06 20 15 33 26 16 34 07 16 35 07 16 45 ca.	her NS:	occle :	0?14-33 e;not re	95.4° of arc. Steady-mass jerked W. Licroseisms only on N Me very low; weak.  Light not found. Probably of different origin and less distant.  9:eL 14-58. Southern eported by Riverview, 55-26 cf.La Paz A2310;
1021	Sept 7	eE O	5 55 44 6 06 22			6215	53.9° of arc. Not
		i SE ELE L F?	6 06 49 6 13 25 6 23 07 6 29.0 7 09 ca.	8 28 20		ocumboro)	Clearly shown on EW. Off set esstward.  L not distinct. Earthquake in northern Italy.
1022	Sept 8	0	1 46 17			10,54	0 94.86° of arc. A&O
	==0:	eE iE SE eLE F	2 04 52 2 06 32 2 11 07 2 12 29 2 15 16 2 16 42 2 22 42 2 32 32 2 51 04 3 37 ca	6 6 10 12 24 30 23	entan i in entan i in ma Lista herio in probedica separagolas separagolas		from eL-S. eI difficult to de- termine. Cf. Tuscon $\Delta$ 9130;0:1-46-01;La Paz $\Delta$ 9025;0:1-46-40; Honolulu $\Delta$ 4450;0:1- 46-40. Osaka $\Delta$ 8750 0:1-45-18. Roughly around \$\pi_20^{\circ}\$S. \$\lambda\$153°W. by above data.
023 S	ept 9	(0)	(18 55 36) 19 15 47 19 27 27	e diamon		13,750	O taken from River- view A 3150 Harvard
		e e E E L L L IRI	19 27 27 19 34 18 19 55 49 19 58 01 20 01.4 20 13.0 20 59.3 21 16 ca.	24 30 26 20 16 20	SURE CONTROL OF THE C	Δ from eL-(0 River- view), at V <sub>L</sub> 228 kms. per minute. A increases. Microseisms only on N.	

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UL	oliai odibiliologicai indocelatica di secono d
	O. Time of earthquake at epicentre (or centre). (Seismol. Soc. Amer.).  P. Longitudinal waves, and their time of arrival at the station.  PR <sub>1</sub> " once reflected, and time of arrival at station.  PR <sub>2</sub> " twice reflected, and time of arrival at station.  S. Transverse waves, and time of arrival.  SR <sub>1</sub> " once reflected, and time of arrival.
	SR2 " twice reflected, and time of arrival.
	PS Alternating waves, and time of arrival (= PR <sub>1</sub> S = SR <sub>1</sub> P).
	LLong or surface or Rayleigh waves, and time of arrival.
	M Maximum of Long waves, and time of arrival.
	M¹, M², M³, etc Successive maxima.
	Lrep <sub>1</sub> Long waves reaching the station from the antipodes of the epicentre (anticentre); path $40,000 \text{ kms.} - \Delta$ .
	Lrep <sub>2</sub>
	CCauda, end of Long waves, and beginning of trailers or tail.
	FFinis, end of record on seismogram.
	nSuperposed phase of another earthquake; e.g., Pn.
	e(emersio), emergence of a phase not well defined; e.g., eP, eL.
	i (impetus), a sharply defined impulse; e.g., iP, iS.
	AN Amplitude of the N-S component of earth particle, deduced from the
	motion of the pendulum, usually L or M.
	AE The same for the E-W component of motion.
	Az The same for the vertical component of motion.
	Gal, or unit acceleration, one centimetre per sec. per sec.
	γu Milligal, or 1/1000 gal. acceleration of 10 micra per sec. per sec. (Klotz).
	$\phi$ Latitude.
	λLongitude from Greenwich.
	hElevation above mean sea-level.
	Δ Distance, from epicentre to station; deduced from records.
	ca Approximately.
	T Period, complete time of oscillation; for simple pendulum;
	by any law $2\pi\sqrt{\frac{1}{g}}$
	ToPeriod of undamped pendulum of seismograph.
	TePeriod of earth particle.
	h, m, s
	M
	MaActual magnification, for damping ratio and periods of earth particle
	Ma

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Measurements in the Metric System.

kms. . . . . . Kilometers (1000 kms. = 621.38 English statute miles. 111.1 kms. =  $1^{\circ}$ ).

M or m.....meter (s). (1 m. = 3.28083 feet.)

mm. . . . . . . . . . . . Millimeters (1 mm. = 0.03937 in.).

#### BIBLIOGRAPHY